

imię:

nazwisko:

data:

1. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

Kathy and Mandy _____ a flat at university this year. Kathy ¹ _____ much money and she can't go out very often so she ² _____ every evening. She says food ³ _____ more and more expensive all the time. She is paying for her studies ⁴ _____ so she has to be careful with money. Mandy ⁵ _____ careful with money. In fact, she usually ⁶ _____ more money than she has!

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| a share | b is sharing | c shares | d are sharing |
| 1 a isn't having | b doesn't have | c don't have | d doesn't having |
| 2 a usually studies | b studies usually | c is usually studying | d is studying usually |
| 3 a get | b gets | c is getting | d are getting |
| 4 a myself | b yourself | c herself | d himself |
| 5 a isn't always | b always isn't | c doesn't always | d is always not |
| 6 a spends | b spend | c are spending | d is spending |

2. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

I 've written / 've been writing emails for hours!

- 1 Susan *has painted / has been painting* all afternoon. She *has painted / has been painting* two walls already.
- 2 Matt's face is red because he *has run / has been running* five kilometres already. He *has run / has been running* for 20 minutes.
- 3 I've been really busy *for / since* 10 o'clock. The phone *hasn't stopped / hasn't been stopping* ringing!
- 4 Matt has been living in London *for / since* a month. He *has just started / has just been starting* a new job.
- 5 I *have joined / have been joining* a new club and I *have met / have been meeting* some interesting people.
- 6 The weather *has been being / has been* terrible recently. It *has rained / has been raining* for weeks!

3. Przetłumacz słowa w nawiasach na język angielski.

0 *That man is wearing a (pelerynę) cape.*

1 Do you like my new (bransoletkę) _____

2 Do you think this (grzywka) _____ suits me?

3 (Złożyć) _____ your clothes nicely when you pack them.

4 Do you think I should wear this (sukienkę bez rękawów) _____ tonight?

5 You're so łatwowierny) _____ You believe anything people say.

4. Uzupełnij zdania i pytania odpowiednią formą czasowników podanych w nawiasach. Użyj wymienionych czasów Past Perfect, Past Continuous i Past Simple.

I was driving (drive) to work when I saw (see) the accident.

1 The witness _____ (just/start) speaking when the accused _____ (begin) to shout at him.

2 What _____ (you/do) when the robbers _____ (arrive)?

3 Burglars _____ (break) into our house last night and _____ (steal) the TV.

4 The robber _____ (not/go) very far when the police _____ (arrest) him.

5 While the police _____ (test) the man for alcohol, he _____ (fall) over.

5. Uzupełnij zdania słowami podanymi w ramce. Dwa słowa zostały podane dodatkowo.

affectionate considerate decisive forgetful fun-loving hard-working polite predictable
sociable **stubborn**

John is very stubborn. He never changes his mind once he's decided about something.

1 Jake is very _____, he always does his homework and he spends a lot of time studying.

2 Kathy is really _____, she gets on well with everyone and she's got lots of friends.

3 Celia is a _____ person, she laughs a lot and she likes having a good time.

4 Ruth is really _____, you always know what she is going to do or say.

5 James is very _____, he's always hugging or kissing his girlfriend.

6 Sally isn't always very _____, in fact she can be really rude.

7 Ellen is very _____, she always thinks about others and takes care of them.

6. Uzupełnij zdania poprawną formą słowa utworzonego od wyrazu podanego w nawiasie.

0 I'm looking for some **accommodation** near my university. (ACCOMMODATE)

1 The _____ of the garden is 25 metres. (LONG)

2 The _____ of the block is 85 metres. (HIGH)

3 Most of the _____ of the town are upset by the new skyscrapers. (INHABIT)

4 It's difficult to find _____ housing in London. (AFFORD)

5 The _____ of the living room is now complete. (REDECORATE)

7. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

It's time for class. I **have to** / **could** go now or I'll be late and my teacher will be angry.

1 What's the law in your country? **Must students** / **Do students have to** stay at school until they are eighteen?

2 Jack speaks Spanish very well, but when he was younger, he **can't** / **couldn't** speak a word.

3 Don't worry. If the trousers don't fit, you **have to** / **can** bring them back to the shop.

4 It's very hot in here. **Can I** / **Do I have to** open the window? Do you mind?

5 The dog is getting very fat. I think you **should** / **could** take him out for more exercise.

6 Be quiet! You **don't have to** / **mustn't** talk in the library. It's not allowed.

7 I think teachers **ought to** / **have to** give interesting classes. Then the students would enjoy them much more.

8 I **should have been able** / **have been able to** swim since I was five years old.

8. Uzupełnij każdą lukę w tekście jednym słowem z ramki. W ramce jest pięć dodatkowych wyrazów.

terraced studio potted cluttered roller hedge rocking spacious furniture
converted sparsely

We've just bought a new house. It's a 0 terraced house and it's quite small. There's a small garden with some patio 1_____ but we don't often sit out there because it doesn't get much sun. The house is 2_____ furnished but we've got an old 3_____ chair in the living room and lots of 4_____ plants everywhere to brighten the house up a bit. It would be nice to have a 5_____ loft to make a third bedroom but it would cost a fortune.

9. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

I've got a tank of tropical *birds* / *fish* / *mammals* at home, I could spend hours watching them swim around.

- 1 My favourite bird is the eagle. I also like *peacocks* / *ravens* / *owls* because of their amazing colours and their long beautiful tails.
- 2 Karen is afraid to swim in the ocean because she's scared of *dolphins* / *molluscs* / *sharks* after she saw a programme on TV.
- 3 When I went to Australia I saw some *giraffes* / *snails* / *kangaroos*. They are really funny-looking and jump a long way!
- 4 I rode on a *lion* / *camel* / *rabbit* when I was in Africa. It was different from riding a horse.
- 5 I love *butterflies* / *bees* / *ravens* because of their beautiful coloured wings.
- 6 Mike's favourite bird is the *eel* / *stork* / *crab*, it's usually white and has long legs and a long neck.

10. Wybierz poprawną opcję: A, B lub C.

0 Is it better to have a good all-round knowledge or excel _____ - one thing?

A at B in C with

1 You'll do better if you _____ yourself targets each term.

A make B take C set

2 I don't think I _____ very well in my exams.

A passed B did C got

3 We carried _____ an interesting experiment in Chemistry.

A off B on C out

4 You mustn't _____ classes.

A drop B skip C flunk

5 Be quiet while I _____ register.

A take B do C make

11. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

If humans _____, then we wouldn't need planes.

- a can fly b flew c **could fly**

1 What _____ if your dog ran away?

- a do you do b did you do c would you do

2 I'll go out _____ you don't mind.

- a provided that b as soon as c unless

3 When my dog stands at the door, I _____ him out.

- a take b would take c took

4 If I _____ you, I'd get a cat instead of a dog.

- a am b were c will be

5 I don't enjoy going to the mountains _____ the weather is good. It's no fun if it rains all the time.

- a unless b as long as c as soon as

6 If I knew the answer, I _____ you right now!

- a will tell b would tell c told

12. Uzupełnij zdania słowami podanymi w ramce. Dwa słowa zostały podane dodatkowo.

charge clock in full-time manager overtime permanent promoted retired worker

I have a full-time job and I work about 45 hours a week. I don't have to ¹ _____, I can arrive any time between 8-9 a.m. It's a ² _____ job, not a temporary one, and I quite enjoy it. I never work ³ _____, because I don't really want to work any extra hours. Last year I was ⁴ _____ so I was pleased – now I'm the office ⁵ _____ and I tell the other staff what to do. I'm in ⁶ _____ of twenty other staff!

13. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

'I don't understand,' he said.

He said that he *doesn't* / *didn't* understand.

- 1 'I arrived late at work yesterday,' Lucy said.

Lucy said that she *has arrived* / *had arrived* late at work *the day before* / *that day*.

- 2 'We've never sacked anyone,' she said.

She said that *they have* / *they had* never sacked anyone.

- 3 'I'll come in early tomorrow,' he said.

He said that he *came* / *would come* early *the next day* / *that day*.

- 4 'Have you finished?' Sally asked.

Sally asked if *had I finished* / *I had finished*.

- 5 'Do it immediately!' he said to me.

He *said* / *told me to do it* / *do it* immediately.

- 6 'When in April did you start working?' she asked

She asked *when* / *if* in April *I had started* / *had I started* working.

- 7 'After I arrived, the manager asked to see me,' John told us.

John told us that after he *arrived* / *had arrived* the manager had asked to see *him* / *me*.

- 8 'I can't believe you're here!' she said to me.

She said she *couldn't* / *can't* believe I was *there* / *here*.

14. Read the text and complete gaps 1–5 with sentences A–G. There are two extra sentences that you do not need.

- A Now, however, the level of competition is intense.
- B The rules are detailed and precise.
- C To put this in perspective, the next-best Olympic or Paralympic athlete has less than half of this.
- D In actual fact, this was not the first such event.
- E At the moment there are 21 different Paralympic Games disciplines.
- F This has continued ever since.
- G After the first official Paralympics the movement grew rapidly.

VERY SPECIAL OLYMPICS

A brief history of the Paralympic Games

The very beginning

The first official Paralympic Games were organised in Rome in 1960, in the week before the Olympic Games in the Italian capital. The Paralympic Games were much smaller than the Olympics but were still quite a large event, involving 400 athletes from 23 countries competing in almost 60 different events.¹ _____ After the Second World War, in 1948, a sports competition for injured veterans had been organised in England. Initially this was only organised for wheelchair bound British veterans, but other countries joined four years later and these events are generally seen as leading to the first official Paralympic Games.

The early years

² _____ Other forms of disability were included from 1976 and the number of athletes and disciplines grew quickly. In recent decades the Paralympics have become more closely linked to the Olympics and from 1988

onwards both games have been organised in the same city, something that had not happened since Rome 1960. Since 1976 the Paralympic Winter Games have also been organised, and from 1992 the Winter Paralympics have been held in the same city as the Winter Olympics. Today the Paralympic movement is a worldwide movement which, apart from organising the games, is involved in education and science in the field of disabled sport and in publicising the achievements of disabled athletes.

A serious business

In the first Paralympic Games there were no more than three athletes in each event, meaning every athlete stood on the podium.³ Indeed, so serious is the fight for medals in the Paralympic Games that competitors have been caught cheating in various ways, including doping and even able-bodied athletes pretending to have disabilities. The Paralympic Games is without question an elite sporting competition and the Paralympic champion at three different distances, Oscar Pistorius of South Africa, a double amputee who runs with special ‘blades’ in place of his lower legs, qualified for the individual 400m at the able-bodied World Championships in 2011, reaching the second round of the competition. More remarkably still, he won a silver medal at the same games as part of his country’s sprint relay team, also breaking the national record. Several other athletes have competed in both the Paralympics and the Olympics. Probably the most famous Paralympian is Trischa Zorn of the United States, a blind

swimmer. Over a period of 24 years she won an incredible 55 Paralympic medals, including 41 gold medals.

4

The games today

The Paralympic Games have grown to an impressive size. The numbers speak for themselves: in Beijing in 2008 there were almost ten times as many athletes as there had been at the first official games in 1960. A wide range of disabilities are today included in the games and a complex classification system is used to ensure fairness.⁵ These include some variations of Olympic sports, such as wheelchair basketball, and some exclusively Paralympic sports, such as boccia (a sport similar to French boules) and goalball (similar to handball but played lying on the ground). The 2012 Paralympic Games is expected to be the largest and most extensively-broadcast in history, continuing the trend of increasing interest in the games each time they are held.

15. Przekształć zdania używając strony biernej.

Gaudi designed that building. That building was designed by Gaudi.

- 1 Thousands of people have visited the museum.

_____ by thousands of people.

- 2 The security guards watch the visitors carefully.

_____ by the security guards.

- 3 The museum is replacing some of the paintings.

_____ by the museum.

- 4 The authorities don't allow cameras inside.

_____ inside.

- 5 The organisers will close the museum for a month.

_____ for a month.

- 6 The gallery was holding an interesting exhibition.

_____ by the gallery.

16. Uzupełnij każdą lukę jednym słowem z ramki. W ramce jest pięć dodatkowych wyrazów.

applied development internship satisfaction challenging marketing incompetent
deadlines experience prospects motivated

I 0 applied for the position of sales manager because I believe it will be a 1 _____
_____ but rewarding job. I have a lot of 2 _____ in sales and I am highly 3
_____ as well as being able to work under pressure and meet
4 _____. I also think that the professional 5 _____
offered by your company will help me to become an even better manager in the future.

17. Utwórz zdania używając trzeciego trybu warunkowego.

I went to the party. I met Chris. If I hadn't gone to the party, I wouldn't have met Chris.

1 I didn't study very hard. I failed my exams.

2 Katie got home very late. Her parents were anxious.

3 I got to the interview late. I didn't get the job.

4 Ivan went skiing. He broke his leg.

5 Mark forgot to buy bread. We couldn't make sandwiches.

18. Zakreśl prawidłowe uzupełnienie zdania: a, b albo c.

0. Did you know that Brad Pitt _____ in dozens of films and TV series before he became famous?

- a used to act b had acted c was acting

1. The first time I saw him he _____ his dad's car. It looked like hard work.

- a had cleaned b cleaned c was cleaning

2. I loved going to the beach as a kid. Unfortunately, we _____ there very often.

- a didn't use to go b weren't used to going c weren't going

3. Last Sunday I was at that concert. It was the best gig I _____ in years.

- a saw b have been seeing c had seen

4. Have you seen this cool T-shirt? I _____ it for my brother.

- a bought b have bought c was buying

5. Oh, I'm so jealous of you. When I asked her, she told me that she _____ to that play already.

- a went b had been c had gone

6. I was covered in cobwebs and dirt when you visited because I _____ the cellar all morning.

- a had cleaned b had been cleaning c was cleaning

19. Uzupełni zdania podanymi słowami w poprawnej formie.

Michael is a musician, he plays the piano.

MUSIC

1 I went to a great art _____. The pictures were amazing. EXHIBIT

2 What did you think of the _____? I thought it was terrible! PERFORM

3 I can't remember the name of the _____. Do you know? VOCAL

4 The _____ wasn't very happy because the members of the orchestra weren't watching him. CONDUCT

5 I really liked the _____ at the art gallery. They were wonderful, but very expensive.

SCULPT

6 That man in that painting is very _____. MYSTERY

20. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

- A** Is this painting expensive?
- B** I think so. It's the most expensive art gallery in town, so the painting *might* / **must** / *can't* be expensive.
- 1 A** Where's Greg?
- B** I'm not sure. He sometimes goes to the gym at this time. He *must* / *might* / *can't* be there or he could be with Sally.
- 2 A** Do you know why Mary is angry?
- B** Well, I heard that her brother borrowed her MP3 player and lost it.
- A** Oh, yes, I'm sure that's the reason! She *must* / *might* / *can't* be angry about that!
- 3 A** Did Leonard da Vinci paint that picture?
- B** No. He *must* / *might not* / *couldn't* have painted that picture because it was painted in 1530 and he died in 1519.
- 4 A** I wonder why Paul is so good at music.
- B** I don't know. He *can't* / *might* / *must* have a natural talent, I suppose.
- 5 A** Laura didn't bring the book she promised to lend me.
- B** She *might* / *can't* / *must* have forgotten. You know she's got a terrible memory.
- 6 A** The painter Van Gogh was very poor when he died.
- B** He *can't be* / *can't have been* / *might have been* very successful in his lifetime.
- A** No, he only became famous after his death.
- 7 A** Is Maria from Spain?
- B** No, she *must* / *can't* / *may be* from Spain. Both her parents are from Manchester!

21. Read the text and match statements 1–7 to speakers A–E. There are two extra statements that you do not need.

- 1 You don't need a lot of money to look good.
- 2 I surprise people with my appearance.
- 3 I always wear the same clothes.
- 4 How I dress is important for my work.
- 5 Other people decide how I look.
- 6 I'm never very smart or elegant.
- 7 There are no compromises with how I look.

You and your look

Is how you look how you really are?

Check out the results of our surprise street survey below

A

Steve I'm a doctor so I have to look smart and professional to give the right impression. I wear conservative clothes, usually a shirt and tie and I could never wear jeans or trainers to work. Is that how I really am? Definitely not! I don't like things too neat and tidy at home – in fact my place is usually a bit of a mess – and I usually dress in pretty casual clothes, especially if I'm working in my garage fixing my motorbike, which is what I like to do in my spare time.

B

Katie I hope so. I spend a long time choosing clothes and doing my hair and make-up because I think the way you look tells people a lot about you. I'm a student so I can't go to the most expensive shops but I think that makes you more creative because you have to look for good clothes in different places. It can take a long time

but it can be a lot of fun – actually, going round markets and second-hand shops is how I like to spend my free time. I choose bright colours and patterns and I think I'm a lively and enthusiastic person so, yes, I think how I look matches how I am pretty well.

C

Ken To be honest, I don't really pay any attention to how I look. My wife buys most of my clothes so I don't need to do it, fortunately, and I'm a policeman so I wear a uniform at work. When I'm not wearing the uniform I usually look a bit of a mess. Is that how I really am? I don't think I'm a very tidy person but I don't think I'm especially messy either so it's quite hard to say really.

D

Anne Appearances are very important for me and always have been. I like my house to be tidy, my car to be clean, my desk to be neat and my clothes to be smart, but I don't like to wear the same thing every day so I put on something different every morning. I always look my best because if I don't then I feel very uncomfortable. I just think how we look is a reflection of our values and it doesn't matter if it's clothes, your home or your work, you should be smart and elegant at all times.

E

Aisha I change the way I look all the time so my friends never know what they're going to see! Last week I had long straight dark hair and now it's short, curly and blonde! It's the same with clothes, I can wear dark serious clothes one day and then bright colourful ones the next, or quite formal ones for a few days then casual or sporty ones after that. I just get bored with the same look all the time. Funnily enough, I'm very consistent in everything else: I hardly ever change how I work or where I go or who my friends are because I like my routines.

22. Uzupełnij luki używając: ***the, a/an*** lub wstaw (-) w miejscu gdzie nie potrzeba rodzajnika

Nowadays, ___ red hair dye is quite common, but this wasn't always so. Red hair first appeared in ¹ ____ Dark Ages but it was unpopular. For many years ² ____ people thought that redheads were witches or magicians. In ³ ____ Britain, red hair wasn't popular until 1558 when Elizabeth I became queen. She had red hair and so ⁴ ____ colour became fashionable then. Recently, ⁵ ____ famous historian has said that henna became popular then as ⁶ ____ result. Henna was used by ⁷ ____ ancient Egyptians and is still ⁸ ____ important method of dying hair nowadays.

23. Przekształć zdania używając konstrukcji ***have something done***.

The hairdresser is cutting her hair.

She's having her hair cut.

1 The masseur massaged my back yesterday.

2 The hairdresser has put highlights in Sharon's hair.

3 The dentist is going to whiten his teeth.

4 This tailor always makes suits for him.

5 They are removing her tattoo.

6 It was the first time he had paid someone to dye his hair.

24. Uzupełnij zdania wyrażeniami z ramki.

just before yet lately never since ever since for after

0 Have you ever been to Rome? I heard that it's really nice and not too expensive. 1 Janet? Oh, no. I haven't spoken to her _____ ages. 2 At this time tomorrow I'll _____ be finishing at the office. 3 I'd lived in four different countries _____ deciding I wanted to settle down here. 4 I can't say I've done much of anything interesting _____. Same old, same old. 5 Hello, Jack. What have you been doing _____ we saw you last? 6 No. I have to admit I'd _____ been interested in meeting her prior until today. 7 Have you finished those reports for me _____? 8 I will have seen that film six times _____ tonight.

25. Uzupełnij każdą lukę w dialogach jednym wyrazem z ramki. W ramce jest pięć dodatkowych wyrazów.

offspring single spouse will same-sex in-laws cohabiting custody budget kin siblings

0. A: Are these your children?

B: Yes, they are my 0 offspring .

1. A: Have you got any 1 _____ ?

B: Any what?

A: Brothers or sisters.

2. A: Have you made a 2 _____ for when you die?

B: No. All my money will go to my next of 3 _____, won't it?

3. A: After the divorce, we had a big fight about who would get 4 _____ of the children.

B: And you won?

A: Yes, now I'm a 5 _____ parent. It isn't easy but I'm very happy.

26. Zakreśl poprawną opcję.

- 0 I enjoy hanging **off / out / up** with my friends.
- 1 I've got a **soft spot / mark / head** for my younger sister and her friends.
- 2 My cousins and I haven't got a **lot on / of / in** common.
- 3 My girlfriend told a man **out / off / away** for talking in the cinema.
- 4 I don't know her name but I know her by **looks / seeing / sight**.
- 5 Nick's very easy to get **out / on / off** with

27. Write an essay discussing benefits and drawbacks of using modern technology. You should explain which way you think has had the greatest positive or negative impact on our lives. Write your answer in 200-250 words in appropriate style.

28. Wybierz prawidłową opcję.

0. That's Amanda's / Amandas' phone which is ringing. Should I answer it?
 1. Mr Jones? Mr Jones? Oh, has he gone? Bob, is that Mr. Jone's / Mr. Jones' car parked over there by the fence?
 2. Have you seen Tracy's and Mike's / Tracy and Mike's new flat? It's lovely.
 3. My parents are on holiday until the end of the month / month's end. Let's have a party!
 4. It's the boy's / boys' games console which was broken. They are very upset.
 5. There will now be one hours' / one hour's break for lunch.
 6. 'The King's of Leon' are headlining July's music festival / the music festival of July.

29. You've received an email from your friend. Write a response In 220 – 260 words In an appropriate style.

Hi!

How are things?

They've just built a huge new shopping centre outside the town centre I live, and I'm interested in whether these enormous centres are popular everywhere. Have you got one in your town? If not, why? What do you think disadvantages are? Do people shop online instead?

Anyway, next time you visit me I'll take you there!

Cheers,

Kathy

30. Wybierz poprawną opcję.

0 It's the most stunning place on Earth. I'm sure there is **nowhere** / anywhere more beautiful.

1 He told me that everybody / anybody knows the truth about the situation but they can't do anything about it. 2 Well, if anybody / nobody wants to answer the question, I think it's best we just move on to the next issue. 3 Unfortunately, someone / anyone has stolen the school laptop so it won't be possible to do DVD lessons for the rest of the term. 4 I need to remind you that anyone / someone that has not completed the form yet must do so till tomorrow. 5 I've never seen something / anything like it! It was incredible! 6 I would like to ask whether anyone / everyone saw a suspicious character outside the building yesterday afternoon. That person could be a suspect in a crime. 7 The good news is that for any / every pound that we receive in donations, the government will contribute another pound. 8 I'm not sure exactly what it is but there's something / everything I don't like about him.